



# SYHUNT HYBRID: CLI SCAN TOOLS

The information in this document applies to **version 6.9.1** of Syhunt Hybrid.

## INTRODUCTION

Follow along with this guide to learn how to perform a dynamic or code scan and generate a vulnerability report via command-line.

Syhunt's CLI scan tools location depends on the Syhunt version and your OS:

OS	Default Location
Windows	C:\Program Files\Syhunt Hybrid\ C:\Program Files (x86)\Syhunt Hybrid\ C:\Program Files\Syhunt Community Core\ 
Linux	/home/[user]/syhunt-hybrid/carbon/ /home/[user]/syhunt-community/carbon/


## HOW TO PERFORM A DYNAMIC SCAN VIA COMMAND-LINE

1. Go to the directory Syhunt Hybrid is installed using the command prompt.
2. Use the following command-line:

```
scanurl [starturl] -hm:[a huntmethod]] -gr
```

Example:

```
scanurl http://www.somehost.com -hm:appscan -gr
```

Syhunt scanurl tool reports are automatically generated and saved if the `-gr` parameter is provided. You can also open the session by launching Syhunt and using the  Menu -> Past Sessions option.

The following parameters can be provided when calling the scanurl tool, all of which are **optional**:

Parameter	Description	Default Value
<b>sn:</b> [name]	A session name that must be unique. If omitted, an unique ID will be generated and assigned	auto generated ID
<b>hm:</b> [name]	the <b>Hunt Method</b> to be used during the scan. If omitted, the default method will be used	appscan
<b>emu:</b> [model]	Browser Emulation Mode. Available modes include: chrome, edge, firefox, msie, safari	chrome
<b>srcdir:</b> [local dir]	Sets a Target Code Folder for a Hybrid Scan (eg. "C:\www\docs\" or "/home/user/www/")	
<b>gr</b>	Generates a report file after scanning	
<b>gx</b>	Generates an export file after scanning	
<b>or</b>	Opens report after generation	
<b>er</b>	Emails report after generation	
<b>etrk:</b> [trackername]	Email preferences to be used when emailing report	
<b>esbj:</b> [subject]	Email subject to be used when emailing report	Syhunt Hybrid Report
<b>root:</b> [filename]	Sets the report output filename and <b>report format</b>	Report_[session name].html
<b>rtpl:</b> [name]	Sets the <b>report template</b>	Standard
<b>xout:</b> [filename]	Sets the export output filename and <b>report format</b>	Export_[session name].xml
<b>xout2:</b> [filename]	Sets a second export output filename and <b>report format</b>	Export_[session name].xml
<b>pfcond:</b> [condition]	Sets a <b>pass/fail condition</b> to be reported	
<b>nv</b>	Turn off verbose. Error and basic info still gets printed	

<b>inc:</b> [mode]	Sets the <b>incremental scan mode</b>	targetpref
<b>inctag:</b> [name]	Optionally stores the incremental scan data within a tag	
<b>mnl:</b> [n]	Sets the maximum number of links per server	10000
<b>mnr:</b> [n]	Sets the maximum number of retries	2
<b>mcd:</b> [n]	Sets the maximum crawling depth	0 (unlimited)
<b>tmo:</b> [ms]	Sets the timeout time	8000
<b>ver:</b> [v]	Sets the HTTP Version	1.1
<b>nofris</b>	Disables auto follow off-domain redirect in Start URL	
<b>nodos</b>	Disables Denial-of-Service tests	
<b>nojs</b>	Disables JavaScript emulation and execution	
<b>atype:</b> [type]	Sets the auth type; Basic, Form and Manual	
<b>auser:</b> [username]	Sets a username for authentication	
<b>apass:</b> [password]	Sets a password for authentication	
<b>about</b>	Displays information on the current version of Syhunt	
<b>help</b> (or /?)	Displays the list of available parameters	

## SCANNING IPV6 ADDRESSES

Syhunt Dynamic fully supports the scanning of IPv6 addresses. To scan an IPv6 target, remember to enclose the address in square brackets, eg:


```
http://[2001:4860:0:2001::68]/index.php
```

## HOW TO PERFORM A CODE SCAN VIA COMMAND-LINE

1. Go to the directory Syhunt is installed using the command prompt.
2. Use the following command-line:

```
scancode [target] -hm:[a huntmethod]] -gr
```

```
# Examples:
scancode git://sub.domain.com/repo.git -gr
scancode https://github.com/user/repo.git -rb:master -gr
scancode c:\source\www\ -gr
scancode c:\source\www\file.php -gr
scancode c:\mobile\myapp.apk -gr
scancode "c:\source code\www\" -gr
```

Syhunt scancode tool reports are automatically generated and saved if the `-gr` parameter is provided. You can also open the session by launching Syhunt and using the  Menu -> Past Sessions option.

The following parameters can be provided when calling the scancode tool, all of which are **optional**:

Parameter	Description	Default Value
<b>sn</b> :[name]	A session name that must be unique. If omitted, an unique ID will be generated and assigned	auto generated ID
<b>hm</b> :[name]	the <b>Hunt Method</b> to be used during the scan. If omitted, the default method will be used	appscan
<b>rb</b> :[branch]	Sets a repository branch	master
<b>gr</b>	Generates a report file after scanning	
<b>gx</b>	Generates an export file after scanning	
<b>or</b>	Opens report after generation	
<b>er</b>	Emails report after generation	
<b>etrk</b> : [trackername]	Email preferences to be used when emailing report	
<b>esbj</b> :[subject]	Email subject to be used when emailing report	Syhunt Code Report

<b>root:</b> [filename]	Sets the report output filename and <b>report format</b>	Report_[session name].html
<b>rtpl:</b> [iname]	Sets the <b>report template</b>	Standard
<b>xout:</b> [filename]	Sets the export output filename and <b>report format</b>	Export_[session name].xml
<b>xout2:</b> [filename]	Sets a second export output filename and <b>report format</b>	Export_[session name].xml
<b>pfcond:</b> [condition]	Sets a <b>pass/fail condition</b> to be reported	
<b>nv</b>	Turn off verbose. Error and basic info still gets printed	
<b>inc:</b> [mode]	Sets the <b>incremental scan mode</b>	targetpref
<b>inctag:</b> [iname]	Optionally stores the incremental scan data within a tag	
<b>refurl:</b> [url]	Sets an URL associated with the current source code for reference purposes only	
<b>noifa</b>	Disables input filtering analysis	
<b>about</b>	Displays information on the current version of Syhunt	
<b>help</b> (or <b>/?</b> )	Displays the list of available parameters	

## PASS/FAIL CONDITIONS

A pass/fail testing condition can be passed to scancode or scanurl with the -pfcond parameter, The following are the pass/fail conditions currently supported by Syhunt:

- `fail-if:risk=high` - Fail if a High risk vulnerability is found
- `fail-if:risk=mediumup` - Fail if a Medium or High risk vulnerability is found
- `fail-if:risk=lowup` - Fail if a Low, Medium or High risk vulnerability is found

## INCREMENTAL SCAN MODES

<b>auto</b>	Automatically manages the incremental scan cache (recommended option)
<b>disabled</b>	Disables the incremental scan cache. This will slow down scans, taking 3 to 4 more time to complete
<b>forced</b>	Forces the incremental scan to be always enabled. If you run scans with this mode, make sure you have a separate non-forced scan to be run every month or so
<b>targetpref</b>	Uses the incremental scan mode defined in target preferences

## AVAILABLE REPORT FORMATS & TEMPLATES

<b>.html</b>	HTML report
<b>.pdf</b>	Adobe PDF report
<b>.xml</b>	XML export
<b>.json</b>	JSON vulnerabilities export
<b>.csv</b>	CSV (Comma-Separated Values)
<b>.mse.csv</b>	CSV (Comma-Separated Values) for MS Excel
<b>.txt</b>	Text report

The following templates are available:

<b>Standard</b>	This is the standard report with low to high-risk vulnerability information
<b>Comparison</b>	Includes the standard information plus evolution information about the vulnerabilities
<b>Compliance</b>	Includes OWASP Top 10, CWE/SANS Top 25 2019 and PCI DSS v3.2.1 compliance information
<b>Mobile</b>	Includes OWASP Mobile Top 10, CWE/SANS Top 25 2019 and PCI DSS v3.2.1 compliance information

<b>Complete</b>	Includes the standard information together with comparison, compliance, request response and coverage details
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## DIFFERENCES BETWEEN HUNT METHODS

Hunt Method	CLI name	Type	Brute F.	Injection	DoS	Time-Con.
<b>Application Scan</b> (Default)	appscan	■	Y	Y	Y	N
<b>Structure Brute Force</b>	structbf	■	Y (Deep)	N	N	Y (Very)
<b>Old &amp; Backup Files</b>	fileold	■	Y	N	N	Y
<b>Fault Injection</b>	faultinj	■	N	Y	Y	N
<b>Top 10 (OWASP)</b>	top10	■	N	P (TOP10)	Y	N
<b>Top 25 (CWE)</b>	top25cwe	■	N	P (TOP25)	Y	N
<b>Top 5 (OWASP PHP)</b>	top5php	■	N	P (TOP5)	N	N
<b>Cross-Site Scripting</b>	xss	■	N	P (XSS)	N	N
<b>SQL Injection</b>	sqlinj	■	N	P (SQL)	N	N
<b>File Inclusion</b>	fileinc	■	N	P (FI)	N	N
<b>Unvalidated Redirects</b>	unvredir	■	N	P (UR)	N	N
<b>Malware Content</b>	malscan	■	P (Malware)	P (Malware)	N	N
<b>Passive</b>	passive	■	N	N	N	N
<b>Spider Only</b>	spider	■	N	N	N	N
<b>Complete Scan</b>	complete	■	Y	Y	Y	Y (Very)
<b>Complete Scan, No DoS</b>	compnodos	■	Y	Y	N	Y (Very)
<b>Complete Scan, Paranoid</b>	comppnoid	■	Y (Deep)	Y	Y	Y (Very)

Letters: Yes/No/Partial (**Y/N/P**)

## **TYPE OF TESTING**

- - Hybrid (Gray Box), Dynamic & Code
- - Dynamic Only (Black Box)
- - Code Only (White Box)

## **TIME-CONSUMING**

A Yes means that extra checks and attack mutations will be performed and the number of checks will be influenced by the number of directories found during the spidering stage.

## **DESCRIPTION**

The Application Scan method is the default scan method in Syhunt. If you want to use a different scan method, you will be able to select one of the following options:

### **APPLICATION SCAN**

Identifies flaws in custom web applications, web server software and third-party components. This scan method crawls the web site and performs attacks against the web site structure and the web applications. This includes looking for fault injection vulnerabilities such as XSS, SQL Injection, File Inclusion, and more.

### **STRUCTURE BRUTE FORCE**

A structure brute force will check for:

- Common Vulnerable Scripts
- Common File Checks
- Custom File Checks (User File Checks)
- Database Disclosure
- Web-Based Backdoors

The number of checks is influenced by the number of directories found during the spidering stage.

### **OLD & BACKUP FILES**

Executes extension checking around the mapped web site structure.

### **OWASP TOP 10**



Scans specifically for the OWASP Top 10 2017 vulnerabilities:

1. A1 2017: Injection
2. A2 2017: Broken Authentication
3. A3 2017: Sensitive Data Exposure
4. A4 2017: XML External Entities (XXE)
5. A5 2017: Broken Access Control
5. A6 2017: Security Misconfiguration
7. A7 2017: Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)
3. A8 2017: Insecure Deserialization
9. A9 2017: Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
10. A10 2017: Insufficient Logging & Monitoring

## **CWE TOP 25**

Scans specifically for the 2019 CWE Top 25 Most Dangerous Software Errors.

See the full list at: [https://cwe.mitre.org/top25/archive/2019/2019\\_cwe\\_top25.html](https://cwe.mitre.org/top25/archive/2019/2019_cwe_top25.html)

## **OWASP PHP TOP 5**

Scans specifically for the OWASP Top Five List of PHP Vulnerabilities:

1. Remote Command Execution
2. Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), including DOM XSS
3. SQL Injection
4. PHP Misconfiguration
5. File System Attacks, including File Inclusion

## **FAULT INJECTION**

Scans specifically for fault injection vulnerabilities. If this scan method is selected, all other checks that does not require injection are disabled and Syhunt will then specifically check for SQL injection, XSS, file inclusion, and similar flaws.

## **CROSS-SITE SCRIPTING (XSS)**

Scans specifically for XSS vulnerabilities, including DOM XSS.

## **SQL INJECTION**

Scans specifically for SQL & NoSQL Injection vulnerabilities.

## **FILE INCLUSION**

Scans specifically for File Inclusion and Directory Traversal vulnerabilities.

## **UNVALIDATED REDIRECTS**

Scans specifically for Unvalidated Redirect vulnerabilities.

## **MALWARE SCAN**

Scans specifically for malware content, such as:

- Web Backdoors
- Malicious Content
- Hidden Debug Parameters

## **PASSIVE SCAN**

Maps the web site structure and reports vulnerabilities discovered without launching any kind of attacks, such as:

1. Vulnerabilities in Client-Side JavaScript
2. Various Form Weaknesses
3. Web Technology Disclosure
4. Insecure HTTP Headers
5. Outdated, Vulnerable Server Software
5. Outdated, Vulnerable Referenced Scripts
7. Suspicious HTML Comments
3. Source Code Disclosure
3. Malicious Content being served

## **SPIDER ONLY**

Maps the web site structure without testing or reporting any kind of vulnerability or weakness.

## **COMPLETE SCAN**

Scans for all kinds of web application vulnerabilities using all kinds of mutations and pen-tester methods, including Header Manipulation attacks. A Complete Scan can sometimes be very time-consuming when performed against a web server that has a large quantity of web folders and entry points.

## **COMPLETE SCAN (NO DOS)**

Same as before, but with denial-of-service tests disabled.

## COMPLETE SCAN (PARANOID)

Scans for all kinds of web application vulnerabilities using deep structure brute force, all kinds of mutations and pen-tester methods, including Header Manipulation attacks. This scan method can be very time-consuming, specially when executed against large web sites. This method also executes triple checking structure brute force, which applies to case-sensitive servers - Syhunt will try all file name possibilities (all uppercase, all lowercase, all leading capitals, etc).

## WORKING WITH THIRD-PARTY LAUNCHERS

See [this document](#) on how to generate a complete command-line that allows to start Syhunt from within batch files, third-party task schedulers, Jenkins and other launchers.

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For additional product documentation, visit [syhunt.com/docs](https://syhunt.com/docs)

